

World War 2

Date	Key Events
1 st September 1939	Germany invades Poland
3 rd September 1939	Britain and France declare war on Germany (start of WW2)
January 1940	Rationing introduced across the UK
May to Jun 1940	Dunkirk evacuated and France surrenders to Germany Germany uses blitzkrieg to take over much of Western Europe
July 1940	Germany launches air attacks on Great Britain (The Battle of Britain and the Blitz begins) Germany, Italy and Japan signed the Tripartite Pact creating the axis alliance
7 th December 1941	The Japanese attack the US navy in Pearl Harbour. The next day, the USA enters the war fighting the allies
6 th June 1944	D-day and the Normandy invasion. Allied forces invade France and push back the Germans
30 th April 1945	Adolf Hitler commits suicide
7 th May 1945	Germany surrenders and victory in Europe is declared the next day
August 1945	Atomic bombs dropped on Hiroshima and Nagasaki, Japan by the US killing approximately 226,000 people
2 nd September 1945	Japan surrenders signalling the end of WW2
July 1954	Rationing ends in the UK



Swastika (symbol of Nazis)



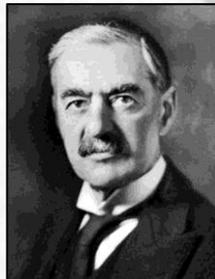
Enigma Machine



Remains of a house after a bombing raid during the Blitz

World War 2

<u>Leaders</u>	
Adolf Hitler	Leader of the Nazi Party and Chancellor of Germany, 1933 - 1945 (also referred to as the Führer meaning leader)
Winston Churchill	UK Prime Minister, 1940 - 1945 (and again from 1951 - 1955)
Neville Chamberlain	UK Prime Minister, 1937 - 1940 (infamous for failed attempts to satisfy Hitler's demands prior to the war)
Franklin D. Roosevelt	US President, 1933 - 1945 (took the US into the war following the Pearl Harbour attacks)
Harry S. Truman	US President, 1945 - 1953 (responsible for the decision to drop Atomic bombs on Japan)
Joseph Stalin	General Secretary of the Communist Party and Leader of the USSR, 1929 - 1953



Key Vocabulary

Allies	Evacuee	Black out	Rationing
Trenches	Axis	Nazi	Blitz
Fascism	Blitzkrieg	Luftwaffe	Enigma
	Air raid shelter	Holocaust	